**ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP CUỐI HỌC KÌ II- GLOBAL 7**

**MÔN HỌC: TIẾNG ANH 7**

**I. GRAMMAR:**

1. Các thời của động từ: hiện tại đơn giản, hiện tại tiếp diễn, tương lai đơn, quá khứ đơn

* **Dạng thức của thì hiện tiếp diễn**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **(+)** | **S + is/ am/ are + V-ing** |
| **(-)** | **S + is/ am/ are + not + V-ing** |
| **(?)** | **Is/Am/Are + S + V-ing ?****Câu trả lời** **Yes,** S + is/ am/ are. **No**, S + is/ am/ are + **not*** **Câu hỏi Wh/ H**

 **Wh/ H + is/ am/ are + S + V-ing ?** |

* **Dấu hiệu nhận biết**

**Thì hiện tại tiếp diễn thường dùng với các từ/cụm từ chỉ thời gian như:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| - Now, right now, at the moment (lúc này) | - At present (hiện nay) |
| - At this time | - Listen! / Look!  |
| - Keep silent! - Be quiet! | - Don’t make noise! = Don’t talk in class! |
| - Today/this day/this Monday ... | - Dùng với "always" để diễn tả lời phàn nàn. **Ex:** My son **is always messing** up the kitchen! |

* **Dạng thức của thì hiện tiếp diễn**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **(+)** | S + will + V (nguyên thể) |
| **(-)** | S + will not = (won’t) + V(nguyên thể) |
| **(?)** | Will + S + V (nguyên thể)?**Câu trả lời** Yes, S + will. No, S + won't. |

* **Dấu hiệu nhận biết**

**Thì tương lai đơn thường được sử dụng với các trạng từ chỉ thời gian như:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| - in + thời gian “trong bao lâu” | - soon “sớm thôi” |
| - tomorrow “ngày mai” | - in the future/ in the near future “trong tương lai/trong tương lai gần” |
| - next day/ next week/ next month/ next year “ngày tới/ tuần tới/ tháng tới/ năm tới” |

2. “**It**” để chỉ khoảng cách + Hỏi khoảng cách: ***How far is it from… to…?***

3. Liên từ (*Conjunctions*): **and, but, so, because, although/ though, however**…

4. Câu hỏi không có từ để hỏi (*Yes/ No questions*)

5. Mạo từ (*Articles*): **a, an, the**

**I. Article** (Mạo từ)

**a. Cách sử dụng mạo từ bất định “a/an”**

- Chúng ta dùng **a/an** (một cái, một con, một vật...) trước danh từ đếm được ở số ít.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Dùng mạo từ “a”** | **Dùng mạo từ “an”** |
| **- “a” đứng trước một danh từ bắt đầu bằng phụ âm.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a pen | a book |
| a table | a cup |

**Ngoại lệ:** “a” đứng trước một số danh từ bắt đầu bằng nguyên âm nhưng được phiên âm như một phụ âm.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| a uniform | a university |
| a union | a eulogy |

 | **- “an” đứng trước danh từ bắt đầu bằng nguyên âm.**Trong tiếng Anh có 5 nguyên âm **U, E, O, A, I**.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| an apple | an orange |
| an egg | an elephant |
| an umbrella |  |

**Ngoại lệ:** “an” đứng trước một số danh từ bắt đầu bằng phụ âm câm, hoặc nguyên âm mà được phiên âm như phụ âm, các chữ cái viết tắt.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| an hour | an honest man |
| an one-legged man | an S.O.S |
| an MC |  |

 |

**b. Cách sử dụng mạo từ “the”**

Mạo từ xác định “the” đứng trước cả danh từ **đếm được** và *không đếm được*. Chúng ta gọi là mạo từ xác định vì nó đứng trước *danh từ đã xác định* **mà cả người nói và người nghe đều biết**.

 **Ex1:** **The** girl sitting near the window is my close friend.

 *(Cô gái ngồi gần cửa sổ là bạn thân của tôi.)*

 **Ex2:** **The** books on the table are mine.

 *(Những cuốn sách ở trên bàn là của tôi.)*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Các trường hợp dùng “the” khác** | **- “The” dùng với so sánh nhất.** **Ex1:** I think Chinese is **the** most difficult language in the world. *(Tôi nghĩ rằng tiếng Trung là ngôn ngữ khó nhất trên thế giới.)* **Ex2:** What is **the** best way to learn vocabularies? *(Cách nào tốt nhất để học từ vựng?)* |
| **- Dùng để nói về một đối tượng, một địa điểm đặc biệt, chỉ tồn tại duy nhất** **Ex:** the Eiffel Tower, the Tower Bridge, the Moon, the Sun, the Star, …  |
| **- Dùng trước danh từ riêng chỉ núi, sông, biển, đảo, sa mạc, miền …** **Ex:** the Pacific Ocean, the Himalayan mountain, … |
| **- Dùng để chỉ một nhóm người, giai cấp trong xã hội** **Ex:** the old (người già), the rich (người giàu), the poor (người nghèo), the homeless people (người vô gia cư), …. |
| **- Dùng với một số tên quốc gia thuộc tổ hợp hoặc liên bang.** **Ex:** the United State (US), the United Kingdom (UK), … |

6. Tính từ sở hữu (*possessive adjectives*): **my, your, his, her, our, their, its**; đại từ sở hữu (*possessive pronouns*): ***mine, yours, his, hers, ours, theirs, its***

Đại từ sỡ hữu dùng thay cho một tính từ sở hữu (possessive adjective) và một danh từ đã nói phía trước.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Đại từ nhân xưng** | **Tính từ sở hữu** | **Đại từ sở hữu** | **Nghĩa** |
| I | my | mine | của tôi |
| you | your | yours | của bạn |
| we | our | ours | của chúng tôi |
| they | their | theirs | của họ |
| he | his | his | của anh ấy |
| she | her | hers | của cô ấy |
| it | its | its | của nó |

7. Động từ khuyết thiếu: **must/ mustn’t + V**; **should/ shouldn’t + V**

**II. Pronunciation:** Sounds:/ai/, /ei/, /iə/, /eə/, stress in two-syllable words and three-syllable words.

**III. Vocabulary:**

* Means of transport
* Road signs
* Types of films
* Adjectives describing films
* Types of festivals
* Festival activities
* Types of energy sources
* Future means of transport
* People and places in English-speaking countries

 **PRACTICE**

**I. PHONETICS.**

**Exercise 1. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. played2. A. buffalo3. A. collection4. A. bread5. A. walked | B. travelledB. unhappyB. comicB. reallyB. crowded | C. plannedC. pollutionC. concertC. headC. needed | D. watchedD. structureD. volunteerD. deathD. excited |
| 6. A. renewable  | B. energy | C. plentiful | D. electric |
| 7. A. power | B. transport | C. short | D. report |
| 8. A. carbon | B. hard | C. large | D. carry |
| 9. A. solar | B. hydro | C. produce | D. those |
| 10. A. wind | B. environment | C. expensive | D. limited |

**Exercise 2. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 11. A. energy12. A. abundant13. A. nuclear14. A. easily15. A. natural | B. pollutionB. tomorrowB. provideB. recycleB. expensive | C. countrysideC. attractionC. attendC. pollutingC. different | D. nationalD. dangerousD. replaceD. resourcesD. government |
| 16. A. recycle17. A. dangerous18. A. negative19. A. motorbike20. A. disaster | B. generateB. powerfulB. developB. countrysideB. another | C. equipmentC. excellentC. electricC. positionC. bicycle | D. computerD. expensiveD. advantageD. governmentD. discussion |

**III. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**

1. People won’t use flying cars \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the year 2050.

A. before B. after C. during D. until

2. Sky cycling tubes will be easy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. drive B. to drive C. ride D. to ride

3. We are looking for types of vehicles that help us to avoid \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. traffic B. traffic jam C. rush hours D. walking

4. Do you think the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ price will increase next month?

A. fossil fuels B. gases C. fuel D. natural gases

5. He forgot to give a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ before he turned left and got a ticket.

A. signal B. sign C. light D. hand

6. I found the book so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that I couldn’t put it down.

A. gripping B. boring C. tiring D. shocking

7. Not many people went to see the film; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , it received good reviews from critics.

A. however B. despite C. but D. although

8. We promise we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the electric lights when we go out.

A. will turn off B. turned off C. will be turning off D. turn off

9. Sue: “Would you like to go the movie with me next Sunday?” - Mary: “ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ”

A. No, I wouldn’t. B. I’d love to. C. Yes, I can. D. I would.

10. The film didn’t receive good reviews from critics. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, many people went to see it.

A. However B. Because C. Although D. Despite

11. Don’t make noise, the students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the final test now.

A.is doing B. will do C. do D. are doing

12. Your travel plans sound just as exciting as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

A. mine B. our C. her D. their

13. How far is it \_\_\_\_\_\_ your house \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your school?

A. from/to B. from / at C. from / in D. on / from

14. \_\_\_\_\_ Statue of Liberty is in \_\_\_\_\_ New York.

A. A / the B. The/ X C. The/ the D. A/a

15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the boys perform lion dances at the festival tomorrow?

A. Are B. Will C. Did D. Do

16. Santa Claus often brings children presents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Christmas.

A. at B. in C. for D. to

17. When energy comes from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, we call it hydro energy.

A. nuclear B. wind C. sun D. water

18. Her pen is blue and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is red.

A. me B. my C. mine D. my’s

19. “Let’s go to the cinema tonight! ” – “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”.

A. Good idea! What film shall we see? B. Who stars in it?
C. Wow, I’m busy D. That’s beautiful!

20. My father \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the bus to work every day, but I cycle.

A. catches      B. drives C. goes      D. runs

21. She’s sure that they will find the film\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. entertain      B. entertained C. entertainment      D. entertaining

22. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ being frightened by the images, Lan still liked the film so much.

A. But      B. Despite  C. Although      D. However

23. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is La Tomatina celebrated? – Every August.

A. Where      B. Why C. When      D. How often

24. You\_\_\_\_\_\_\_drive carefully. The street is very crowded now.

A. should B. shouldn’t C. would D. might

25. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_down on the way to school?

A. Do your bike ever break B. Does your bike ever break

C. Does your bike ever breaks D. Do your bike ever breaks
26. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_it rained, they went to Hoan Kiem Lake to watch the fireworks display.

A. Despite B. If C. Although D. However

27. You must\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a helmet when you ride a motorbike.

A. take B. wear C. put D. try

28. You shouldn’t allow your kids to watch war films. They’re really too\_\_\_\_\_\_\_for children.

A. violent B. moving C. confusing D. dull

29. \_\_\_\_\_ source of energy is the source that can’t be replaced after use.

A. Renewable B. Natural C. Effective D. Non-renewable

30. The group is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_some traditional Vietnamese dances.

A. displaying B. playing C. listening C. performing

31. The ao dai, for both women and men, is the most popular traditional\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Viet Nam.

A. costume B. cloth C. wear D. ornament

32. The road is very busy during\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hour.

A. hurry B. rushed C. rushing D. rush

33. They decided to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a feast to celebrate the victory.

A. take B. have C. make D. get

34. Did your bike \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ down on the way to school?

A. break B. take C. do D. turn

35. The teacher is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a talk about how to save energy.

A. doing B. taking C. giving D. making

36. In the future, the wind and the sun will be used as the main \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sources.

A. environmental friendly B. environmentally friendly

C. environmental friend D. environment friendly

37. Although they spent a lot of money on the film, it wasn’t a big \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. success | B. failure | C. performance | D. show |

38. A lot of dancers go to Rio de Janeiro to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Rio Carnival.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. happen | B. perform | C. attend | D. appear |

39. I had to stand in the balcony to catch the whole \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the parade.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. view | B. picture | C. sight | D. vision |

40. Everybody attends the festival \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fun.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. with | B. for | C. on | D. from |

41. On Thanksgiving, families and friends \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to have a feast.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. meet | B. arrive | C. gather | D. appear |

42. The ending of the film was so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. moved | B. moving | C. moveable | D. move |

42. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the film was gripping, Tom slept from beginning to end.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. However | B. Although | C. In spite | D. Despite |

43. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the film is a bit frightening, I really enjoy it.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. However | B. Nevertheless | C. Although | D. Despite |

44. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the silly story, many people enjoy the film.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. In spite of | B. Although | C. However | D. Nevertheless |

45. The film didn’t receive good reviews from critics. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, many people saw it.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Although | B. In spite of | C. Despite | D. However |

46. We will go on holiday with some friends of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. our | B. ours | C. us | D. we |

47. A friend of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is coming to stay with me next month.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. me | B. my | C. I | D. mine |

48. What shall we do this evening? - We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. go | B. could | C. could have gone | D. will go |

49. Look at the photo! You’re \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a horse!

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. drive | B. flying | C. riding | D. going |

50. Nuclear power \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the future.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. will replace | B. replaced | C. will be replaced | D. replaces |

51. What should we do to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ electricity?

A. cut B. take C. save D. waste

52. People \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not choose to have their holiday on other planets because it will be very expensive.

A. won’t              B. might       C. should D. must

53. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we be able to inhabit Mars? Nobody knows for sure.

A. Will           B. Should           C. Might D. Can

54. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ take a long time for travelling by teleporter to become a reality, I think.

A. should                   B. will            C. can D. can’t

55. People \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ consider travelling by public transport to reduce traffic jams.

A. won't                 B. shouldn't        C. should       D. can’t

56. Fumeless cars \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pollute the environment like the cars we have now do.

A. will             B. might         C. won't D. must

**IV. Circle the incorrect underlined part (A, B, or C) in each sentence. Then correct it.**

1. An Eskimos live in the northern lands of the USA and Canada.

     A                                     B                   C

2. The Tower of London is the historic castle on the River Thames.

      A                              .  B                             C

3. A music is an important part of the Scottish culture.

         A         . B                             C

4. Canada is the most educated country in a world.

        A          B                                       . C

5. A beautiful coastal road trip and an wine experience are the best memories I have of Australia.

    A                                             . B                                  C

6. American culture has the large influence on most of the world, especially in the West.

                                    A                                   .       B                                      C

7. The students are study at the school library at the moment.

 A B C D

 8. Do you eat moon cakes at the festival last year?

A B C D

9.The best part of the Mid-Autumn Festival is the perform of lion dances.

 A B C D

10.He got up early. Although he went to work late.

 A B C D

**V.Reading**

**Read the passage and then choose the correct answer to each question.**

I live in a big city and there is always busy traffic **(1)\_\_\_\_\_\_** the streets. About 6.30 every weekday people often travel to work or to school in a hurry by bicycles, motorbikes **(2)\_\_\_\_\_** cars, so there is always heavy traffic. The same situation happens at 5.30 p.m. when everybody **(3)\_\_\_\_\_** home. As a result, there are often traffic jams at the **(4)\_\_\_\_\_**crossroads or roundabouts during rush hours. Heavy traffic also causes **(5)\_\_\_\_\_\_** pollution and we are trying our best to use bicycles and buses more often to save the environment.

1. A. on B. in C. at D. of

2. A. with B. by C. and D. so

3. A. takes B. gets C. brings D. keeps

4. A. busy B. noisy C. quiet D. thin

5. A. water B. soil C. noise D. air

**Read the passage and choose the correct answer for each question.**

*Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets* is the second of the fantasy film series based on the same novel by J. K. Rowling. After the success of the first one, Chris Columbus is still the director of this film. Meanwhile, the main cast of the first film remains in the second one. The film tells the story about the great efforts of Harry to save his friends at Hogwarts, especially Ron’s sister Ginny, from the attacks of a basilisk. It’s a giant snake under the control of the ghostly memory of the sixteen-year-old Tom Riddle, one piece of Lord Voldemort’s soul preserved in an enchanted diary. In the end, he kills the basilisk, saves everybody and frees Dobby – a kind of house-elf. The film is a really must-see. **It** also has lost of gripping images, soundtracks and visual effects.

|  |
| --- |
| 1. What is the passage mainly about?  |
| A. | A famous director with his successful fantasy film. |
| B. | A young wizard who kills a monster in his magic school. |
| C. | A film based on the second novel of a fantasy series by J. K. Rowling. |
| D. | A famous novel was written by *Harry Potter*. |
| 2. Who is the author of the book series?  |
| A. | Chris Columbus. |
| B. | J. K. Rowling. |
| C. | Harry Potter. |
| D. | Tom Hanks |
| 3. Which of the following statements about Harry is true?  |
| A. | He fights against a cruel house-elf of Lord Voldemort. |
| B. | He kills a giant spider at the end of the film. |
| C. | He saves Ron’s sister from a basilisk. |
| D. | He kills a witch to help his friend. |
| 4. What does the word ***It*** in line 11 mean? |
| A. | The film. |
| B. | The kind house-elf. |
| C. | The basilisk. |
| D. | The snake. |
| 5. How are the visual effects of the film?  |
| A. | Extremely interesting. |
| B. | Rather boring. |
| C. | Very colourful. |
| D. | Very unusual. |

**Read the following passage, and then choose the best option to complete the passage.**

 Electricity is the most common form of (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_today. In the modern world, electricity is very available at the touch of a switch. Electricity has (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_uses. The most common use of electricity is to provide artificial lighting. In factories, electricity is used to light up the factories. It is also (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to operate air – conditioners, computers, and many other machines. Electricity is also used to power the many appliances that we have in our homes. Such appliances include (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, computers, electric fans, irons, and many others. The list is simply endless. Modern man will most probably be lost without (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. A. energy B. transport C. communication

2. A. no B. lot of C. many

3. A. use B. used C. using

4. A. television sets B. bicycles C. trains

5. A. electrify B. electrical C. electricity

**Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.**

 Many people still believe that natural resources will never be used up. Actually, the world’s energy resources are limited. Nobody knows exactly how much fuel is left. However, we also should use them economically and try to find out alternative sources of power. According to Professor Marvin Burnham of the New England Institute of Technology, we have to start saving coal, oil and gas before it is too late; and solar power is the only alternative.

 However, many people do not approve of using nuclear power because it’s very dangerous. What would happen if there was a serious nuclear accident? Radioactivity causes cancer and may badly affect the future generations. The most effective thing is that we should use natural resources as economical as possible.

**1. How much fuel left?**

 A. there is a lot of fuel B. It will never be used up

 C. No one knows exactly D. It is not enough

**2. According to professor Mavin Burnham,** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. solar power is the only alternative

 B. we have to save coal, oil, and gas

 C. A and B are incorrect

 D. A and B are correct

**3. Radioactivity from nuclear power**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. alters a new kind of energy

 B. is necessary to cure diseases

 C. can have good effects on the future generations

 D. causes cancer and has bad effects on the future generations

**4. We should use coal, oil, and gas\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**.

 A. as much as possible B. carelessly

 C. as economically as possible D. all are incorrect

 **5. According to the passage, using nuclear power is**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. interesting B. dangerous C. safe

**VI. WRITING**

**Rewrite the following sentences in such a way that they mean the same as the original sentences.**

1. It’s a good idea to eat a lot of fruit and vegetables every day.

We should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. The distance from Vinh City to Ha Tinh City is about 50 km. (IT)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

3. She is so young, but she is the tallest member in her family. (ALTHOUGH)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. The distance between Ho Chi City and Vung Tau is about 120 km. (IT)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

5. What's the distance between New York City and Boston? (FAR)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

6. Walking here is dangerous because this lane is for cycling only. (SHOULDN'T)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

7. It is a good idea for us to go to see the dentist once every six months. (SHOULD)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

8. It’s good if children do something to save energy at home.

*🡪 Children should*

9. Tet is a Vietnamese traditional holiday, but many foreigners enjoy it.

*🡪 Although*

10. It is necessary for us to reduce the fossil fuel consumption to save the environment.

*🡪 We must*

11. My brother is interested in riding an electric motorbike to school.

*🡪 My brother likes*

12. What is the distance between Ha Noi and Ho Chi Minh City?

*🡪 How far\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*

**13.** We do not own this flying car. **(ours)**

 🡪 This flying car is …………………………………………………….

 14**.** It’s a good idea to turn off the electrical appliances when going out. **(should)**

 🡪We …………………………………………………………………….

15. I was tired; however, I tried to finish all my homework. (Although)

🡪 …………………………………………………………………………

**Combine each pair of sentences below using the word in the bracket to complete the sentence.**

1. Nga likes collecting stamps. She likes reading comics, too. (**and)**

🡪 Nga likes ………………………………………………………………………

2. The soil is polluted. People are cutting down trees in the forest. (**because)**

🡪 The soil is ……………………………………………………………………..

3. He likes sports. He never plays soccer. (**Although)**

🡪 …………………………………………………………………………………..

**ĐỀ THI MINH HỌA**

***Đề 1***

***Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest in each of the following questions.***

1. A. watches B. days C. says D. stays

2. A. stayed B. washed C. filled D. annoyed

***Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.***

3. A. famous B. asleep C. pretty D. careful

4. A. costume B. canoe C. highlight D. season

***Circle the best answer to complete each of the sentences.***

5. Did your bike \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ down on the way to school?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. break | B. take | C. do | D. turn |

6. Give a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ before you turn left or right.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. sign | B. turn | C. sound | D. signal |

7. Everybody attends the festival \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fun.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. with | B. for | C. on | D. from |

8. The ending of the film was so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. moved | B. moving | C. moveable | D. move |

9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the film is a bit frightening, I really enjoy it.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. However | B. Nevertheless | C. Although | D. Despite |

10. We will go on holiday with some friends of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. our | B. ours | C. us | D. we |

11. Nuclear power \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the future.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. will replace | B. replaced | C. will be replaced | D. replaces |

12. My father used to go to work by motorbike. Now he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. cycled | B. was cycling | C. cycles | D. used to cycle |

13. Look at the photo! You’re \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a horse!

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. drive | B. flying | C. riding | D. going |

14. Although they spent a lot of money on the film, it wasn’t a big \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. success | B. failure |  | C. performance | D. show |

15.Anna \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ stamps for 5 years.

A. collected B. collect C. collecting D. collects

16. What shall we do this evening? - We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. go | B. could | C. could have gone | D. will go |

17. On Thanksgiving, families and friends \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to have a feast.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. meet | B. arrive | C. gather | D. appear |

18. Did your bike \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ down on the way to school?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. break | B. take | C. do | D. turn |

***Circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

19. Less electricity will used in the future.

A B C D

20. I used to playing badminton last year.

 A B C D

***Circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges***

21. ***John*:** “Why did you choose Denali festival?”

 ***Mary:*** “Because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. It’s bored B. it’s interested C. it’s interesting D. it’s boring

22. **Mary**: What about going to the movies? - **Peter**: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. That’s a good idea. B. No. Thanks C. Yes, I do D. I don’t know

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.***

**DA LAT - DREAM CITY**

 Da Lat lies on Lam Vien plateau, in the Central Highland province of Lam Dong. 300 kilometres north of Ho Chi Minh City. Da Lat is a well-known city attracting all the people who have been there once. Da Lat is known (23) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a city of pine trees, waterfalls and flowers. Da Lat is described as a forest of flowers with different colours and various species. Flowers can be found (24) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and in any season. We can see flowers in Da Lat in the parks, in front of the houses, in the gardens Da Lat has the widest range of orchid varieties in the country. Da Lat has (25) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rivers and canals but it has many picturesque waterfalls. It takes tourists several days to visit all the waterfalls in the area. The famous Cam Ly Falls is only 3 kilometres (26) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the town centre. The Prenn Falls is 10 kilometres in the south of Da Lat. The water falls down like a white shade. Da Lat people are very (27) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of it. They always boast to tourists about it in the first place. Around the Prenn Falls is the valley of various flowers and pine hills.

23. A. similar B. like C. as D. same

24. A. anywhere B. nowhere C. somewhere D. everywhere

25. A. few B. little C. much D. lots

26. A. at B. from C. in D. to

27. A. priding B. proud C. prided D. pride

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

 Christmas is the biggest festival of the year in most Western countries. Celebrations start properly on December 24, Christmas Eve, although there have been several weeks of preparation beforehand. The Christmas tree and all the presents, food, drinks, and decorations have been bought. Christmas cards have been sent to friends and relatives. About a week before Christmas, people usually put up their decorations and decorate the Christmas tree with electric lights, various colored decorations and an angel star on the top. Family presents are usually put under the Christmas tree.

 Christmas Day, December 25, is the biggest day of the holiday. On the Christmas morning (often very early), children open all the presents which are in their socks. Many families go to the church. The traditional Christmas dinner consists of roast turkey with potatoes and various other vegetables. Before dinner, people usually pull crackers-small rolls of paper that have gifts, jokes, and party hats inside.

*28. What are Christmas crackers?*

A. small rolls of cards that have gifts, jokers, and party hats inside.

B. small rolls of gifts that have paper, jokers, and party hats inside.

C. small rolls of paper that have cards, jokers, and party hats inside.

D. small rolls of paper that have gifts, jokers, and party hats inside.

*29. What is on the top of the Christmas tree?*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. a present | B. some flowers | C. an angel star | D. a light |

*30. When do children open their presents?*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A. Late at nightB. on Christmas Eve | C. On December 24D. On Christmas morning |

*31. When do people usually decorate the Christmas tree?*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| A. About a week before Christmas | B. On December 24 |
| C. Several weeks before Christmas | D. On December 25 |

*32. Which of the following is the traditional Christmas dinner?*

A. roast beef with potatoes and other vegetables

B. roasts turkey with potatoes and other vegetables

C. roasts turkey with tomatoes and other vegetables

1. roasts turkey with potatoes and bread

***Choose the answer A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence.***

*33.* *There are many places worth seeing in London.*

A. There are many places of interest in London.

B. There are not many places of interest in London.

C. There are no places of interest in London.

D. There are many places which interesting in London.

*34. What’s the distance between New York City and Boston?*

A. How far is it from New York City to Boston?

C. How long is it from New York City to Boston?

B. How far it is from New York City to Boston?

D. How often is it from New York City to Boston?

*35. Although she is so young, she performs excellently.*

A. Despite of her young age, she performs excellently.

C. Despite her young age, she performed excellently.

B. Despite the young age, she performs excellently.

D. Despite her young age, she performs excellently.

*36. My uncle drove carelessly some years ago, but now he doesn’t.*

A. My uncle used to drive carelessly some years ago

C. My uncle used to drive carelessly some years ago.

B. My uncle used to drive carelessly some years ago

D. My uncle used to drive carelessly some years ago

***Choose the answer A, B, C or D to indicate the correct sentence formed from the cues given.***

*37. Critics / disappointed / his performance/ as King Lear.*

A. Critics were disappointing at his performance as King Lear.

B. Critics were disappointed to his performance as King Lear.

C. Critics were disappointed to his performance as King Lear.

D. Critics were disappointed at his performance as King Lear.

*38. Traffic rules should / strictly /obey by /road users.*

A. Traffic rules should be strictly obeyed by road users.

B. Traffic rules should strictly obeyed by road users.

C. Traffic rules should being strictly obeyed by road users.

D. Traffic rules should been strictly obeyed by road users.

*39. Ngoc/ fast /hates / because / food / it’s / not good / her /for / health /eating /.*

A. Ngoc hates eating fast food because it’s not good for her health.

B. Ngoc hates to eat fast food because it’s not good to her health.

C. Ngoc hates eating fast food because it’s not good to her health.

D. Ngoc hate to eat fast food because it’s not good for her health.

40*. Mr. Hai usually has stomach problems. He eats dinner very close to the bedtime.*

A. Mr. Hai eats dinner very close to the bedtime, so he usually has stomach problems.

B. Mr. Hai eats dinner very close to the bedtime, because he usually has stomach problems.

C. Mr. Hai eats dinner very close to the bedtime, but he usually has stomach problems.

D. Mr. Hai eats dinner very close to the bedtime, and he usually has stomach problems.

**Đề 2:**

**I. LANGUAGE**

**Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete each of the following sentences.**

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ largest city in Australia is Sydney.

A. A B. An C. The D. No article

2. We can sleep when we drive a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. hyperloop B. bullet train C. skyTran D. driverless car

3. I think in the future flying cars\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ popular.

A. are B. is C. will be D. were

4. Nuclear power is renewable because we never run out of it. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it’s very

dangerous.

A. Although B. However C. Because D. but

5. Wind energy, hydro energy and solar energy are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy sources.

A. renewable B. non-renewable C. dangerous D. polluted

6. Find the mistake in one of the four underlined parts of the following sentence.

“Did you **take** part in the festival **last** week?”. - “Yes, I **do.** It was **amazing**”

**A B C D**

7. The film was so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that everyone cried at the end of the film.

A. shocking B. dull C. entertaining D. moving

8. Choose the word in each group that has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.

A. clear B. bear C. fear D. hear

9. Harry Potter is a very famous\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ series because it has wizards and other unreal

characters.

A. documentary B. fantasy C. comedy D. sci-fi

10. Choose a word that has a different stress pattern.

A. parade B. costume C. gripping D. pavement

**II. COMMUNICATION**

**Complete the conversation, using the sentences (A - E) to fill in the blanks (21- 25).**

**A.** That’s great. What did you see and do at the festival?

**B.** Sounds interesting. Was there any special event in Bac Giang?

**C.** And did you like the festival?

**D.** I guess it was exciting. Did your family do any home activities then?

**E.** Did you go anywhere last weekend, Trang?

**Mark: (11)**

**Trang:** Yes, I went to my uncle’s house in Bac Giang Province.

**Mark: (12)**

**Trang:** Yes, there was a festival going on in the village where my uncle is living.

**Mark: (13)**

**Trang:** Well, I saw people sing traditional songs and dance. I watched a play about the history of the village, too.

**Mark: (14)**

**Trang:** Yes, of course. My extended family gathered and had a big feast. My cousins and I played traditional games with one another.

**Mark: (15)**

**Trang:** Yes, very much because it was a lot of fun.

**III. READING**

**Fill in each blank with a word from the box.**

**holiday public passengers airplanes services**

Air-travel is the most modem form of **(16)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_transport and it was developed in the 20th century. Millions of people use **(17)** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_for a variety of reasons. It is also extremely expensive to set up air-travel facilities. Some travel for business, others go on **(18)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_by air and others use cargo planes to move their products from country to country very quickly. Some courier companies now have their own planes ready to carry parcels and post more efficiently. There are different types of passenger **(19)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_some are cheap and provide a ‘no-frills’ service which is good for short journeys. Other airlines provide **(20)**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with a luxurious flying experience. Airports are getting busier and it is evident that more passengers and businesses than ever are using airplanes to get to their destinations.

**Read the text then choose the best answer A, B or C or D for each question**

 **Cities Going Green**

When many people move to cities, governments are looking for ways to make cities become better living places. They try to create more public parks that are both beautiful and green, but it seems to be difficult.

Some cities follow the idea of a green city as the goal. Masdar City in the United Arab Emirates (UAE) aim to become a **model** for other cities to follow. The city mostly uses renewable sources such as solar energy to provide all of its energy needs. Moreover, it will be a zero-waste city in which everything that is used can be recycled. Masdar City will also do an experiment for environmentally friendly ideas.

From energy consumption and waste disposal to green public transportation, the lesson to be learned from Masdar City is very important.

**21.** What do the governments do create better living places?

A. They provide more public parks. B. They tell people to move.

C. They plan a beautiful and green city. D. They throw away waste.

**22.** What makes Masdar City special?

A. It is much larger than other cities. B. It is created by a computer.

C. It has more people in it than other cities D. Its goal is to become a green city.

**23.** Which statement is true?

A. Masdar City does not recycle.

B. The lessons learned from Masdar City might be very valuable.

C. All green ideas must be forgotten.

D. To get its goal, Masdar City will stop allowing people in.

24. How is Masdar City going to do with garbage?

A. It is going to bum it. B. It is going to bury it.

C. It is going to recycle it. D. It is going to sell it.

25. What does the word “model” in paragraph 2 mean?

A. a small copy B. a product

C. a good example to follow D. a person in a fashion show

**IV. WRITING**

 **Do as directed.**

26. It’s about 336 kilometers from Binh Duong to Da Lat. *(Write the question for the underlined part)*

→

27. walk/ the/ should/ pavement/ pedestrians/ on. *(Reorder the words to make a meaningful sentence.)*

→

28. This is her driverless car. *(Rewrite the sentence using a* ***possesive pronoun****)*

→This

29. People Say. it’s a comedy. It isn’t funny at all. *(Combine the 2 sentences using* ***"Although”****)*

→

30. His parents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (work) on a project about solar energy right now.

*(Put the verb into the correct tense.)*

# Đề 3

# A. LANGUAGE

**Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to complete each of the following sentences.**

1. Choose the word in each group that has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.

A. id**ea** B. app**ea**r C. t**ea**spoon D. f**ea**r

1. Choose a word that has a different stress pattern.

A. energy B. recycle C. pollution D. renewable

1. Find the mistake in one of the four underlined parts of the following sentence.

**The** teacher **is explaining** **the** meaning of **a** word “eco-friendly”.

 **A B C D**

1. At present, we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the final exam.

A. have B. are having C. will have D. are going to have

1. The singer’s performance at the festival was so\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that everyone stood up and gave him an applause.

A. dull B. shocking C. gripping D. boring

1. Mr. Bean is a very famous \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ series.

A. fantasy B. documentary C. sci-fi D. comedy

1. Petrol, oil and coal are classified as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy source.

A. renewable B. non-renewable C. polluted D. nuclear

8. Travelling by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is very simple and convenient. You just put it on and fly away.

A. bamboo-copter B. hyperloop C. driverless car D. skyTran

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the cartoon parade was noisy and crowded, Josh liked it very much.

A. However B. Although C. Because D. both A and B

10. This driverless car belongs to you and your wife. This driverless car is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. your B. your’s C. ours D. yours

# C. COMMUNICATION

**Choose the statements (A-E) to complete the conversation between Tom and Nam.**

**Tom**: Is there any festivals for children in your country, Nam?

**Nam**: Oh yes, (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Tom**: When is the Mid-Autumn Festival held?

**Nam**: (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Tom**: Where is it celebrated besides Viet Nam?

**Nam**: (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_such as China, Japan, Singapore, South Korea, ect.

**Tom**: How often does it take place?

**Nam**: Well, (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Tom**: What do children do in the festival?

**Nam**: Children pour into streets, carrying their lanterns, singing, parading along the streets. (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Tom**: That sounds interesting!

**A**. On the 15th day of the 8th lunar month.

**B**. It is celebrated every year.

**C**. They also eat moon cakes and watch lion dances.

**D**. It is celebrated in some Asian countries.

**E**. It’s the Mid-Autumn Festival.

# D. READING

# I. Fill in each blank with a word/ a phrase from the box.

**electricity dangerous Although transport driverless**

Many people believe that in the near future, several means of (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ like cars and trucks will be replaced with (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ones. Driverless vehicles are autonomous,
so drivers don’t need to control it manually. With the support of new technology that can calculate a safe following distance between two vehicles, self-driving cars can react immediately and avoid (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ situations. It’s also more convenient for the disabled and the elderly to move from one place to another. Driverless cars can also run on (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ instead of petrol. This will help to reduce air pollution a lot. (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ driverless cars may be expensive, they will probably a useful invention in the near future.

**E. WRITING**

**I. Do as directed.**

1. I hope that one day we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (have) flying cars which run on electricity. *(put the verb into the correct tense.)*

2. solar / now / heating / Many / are / using / energy / for / people /. (*reorder the words to make a meaningful sentence*)

🡪

3. They spent a lot of money on the film. However, it wasn’t a big success. (*Combine the 2 sentences using “****Although****”*)

🡪

4. Walking on the cycle lane is very dangerous for pedestrians. (*Rewrite the sentence using “****should****”*)

🡪 Pedestrians

5. It’s about 5 kilometers from my house to the school. (*write the question for the underlined part*)

🡪

***THE END.***